

GS300h

Gasoline-Electric

Hybrid Synergy Drive

HYBRID VEHIGLE DISMANTLING MANUAL



Foreword

This guide was developed to educate and assist dismantlers in the safe handling of Lexus GS300h gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles. GS300h dismantling procedures are similar to other non-hybrid Lexus vehicles with the exception of the high voltage electrical system. It is important to recognize and understand the high voltage electrical system features and specifications of the Lexus GS300h, as they may not be familiar to dismantlers.

High voltage electricity powers the A/C compressor, electric motor, generator, and inverter/converter. All other conventional automotive electrical devices such as the head lights, radio, and gauges are powered from a separate 12 Volt auxiliary battery. Numerous safeguards have been designed into the GS300h to help ensure the high voltage, approximately 230.4 Volt, Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH) Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery pack is kept safe and secure in an accident.

The NiMH HV battery pack contains sealed batteries that are similar to rechargeable batteries used in some battery operated power tools and other consumer products. The electrolyte is absorbed in the cell plates and will not normally leak out even if the battery is cracked. In the unlikely event the electrolyte does leak, it can be easily neutralized with a dilute boric acid solution or vinegar.

High voltage cables, identifiable by orange insulation and connectors, are isolated from the metal chassis of the vehicle.

Additional topics contained in the guide include:

- Lexus GS300h identification.
- Major hybrid component locations and descriptions.

By following the information in this guide, dismantlers will be able to handle GS300h hybrid-electric vehicles as safely as the dismantling of a conventional gasoline engine automobile.

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About the GS300h hybrid

The GS300h joins the hybrid model for Lexus Hybrid Drive means that the vehicle contains a gasoline engine and electric motors for power.

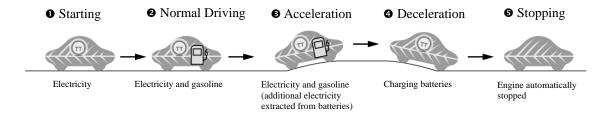
The two hybrid power sources are stored on board the vehicle:

- 1. Gasoline stored in the fuel tank for the gasoline engine.
- 2. Electricity stored in a high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery pack for the electric motor.

The result of combining these two power sources is improved fuel economy and reduced emissions. The gasoline engine also powers an electric generator to recharge the battery pack; unlike a pure all electric vehicle, the GS300h never needs to be recharged from an external electric power source.

Depending on the driving conditions one or both sources are used to power the vehicle. The following illustration demonstrates how the GS300h operates in various driving modes.

- During light acceleration at low speeds, the vehicle is powered by the electric motor. The gasoline engine is shut off.
- 2 During normal driving, the vehicle is powered mainly by the gasoline engine. The gasoline engine also powers the generator to recharge the battery pack and to drive the motor.
- 3 During full acceleration, such as climbing a hill, both the gasoline engine and the electric motor power the vehicle.
- During deceleration, such as when braking, the vehicle regenerates the kinetic energy from the rear wheels to produce electricity that recharges the battery pack.
- While the vehicle is stopped, the gasoline engine and electric motor are off, however the vehicle remains on and operational.



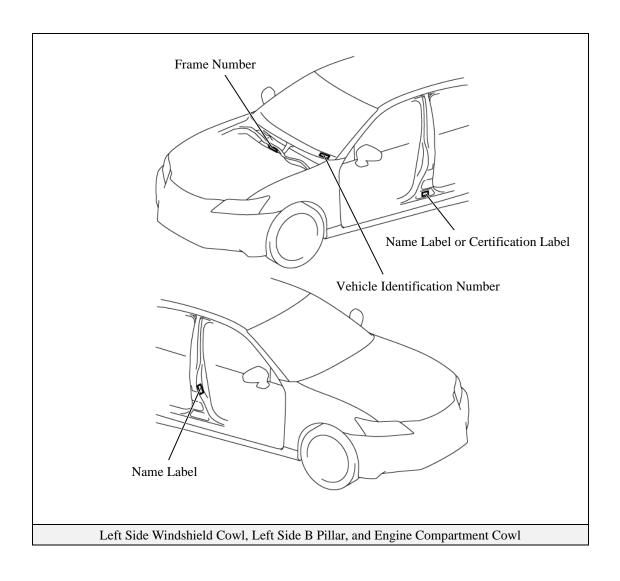
GS300h Identification

In appearance, the GS300h is a nearly identical to the conventional, non-hybrid Lexus GS350/250. The GS300h is a 4-door sedan. Exterior, interior, and engine compartment illustrations are provided to assist in identification.

The alphanumeric 15 character Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is provided in the front windshield cowl, engine compartment, and on the left side B pillar.

Example VIN: <u>JTHBH1BL</u>5000101 or <u>JTHBH5BL</u>5000101

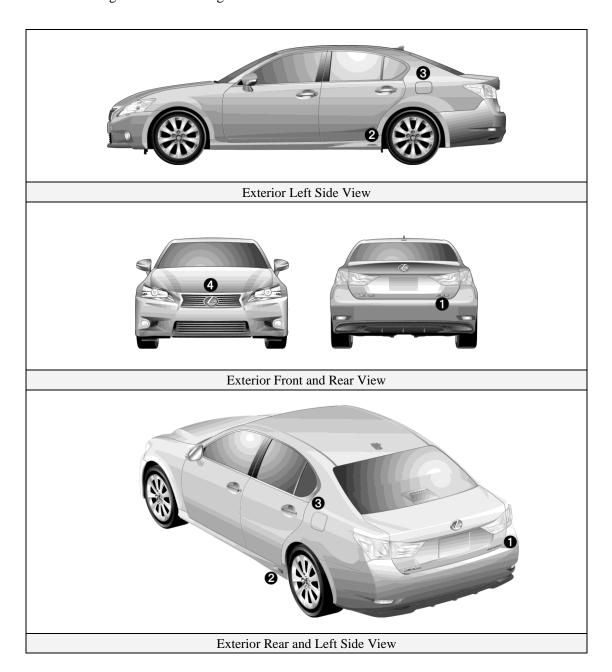
A GS300h is identified by the first 8 alphanumeric characters **JTHBH1BL** or **JTHBH5BL**.



GS300h Identification (Continued)

Exterior

- **O** GS300h logo on the trunk.
- **2 HYBRID** logos on the rocker moldings.
- **3** Gasoline fuel filler door located on left side rear quarter panel.
- 4 Lexus logo on the radiator grille.



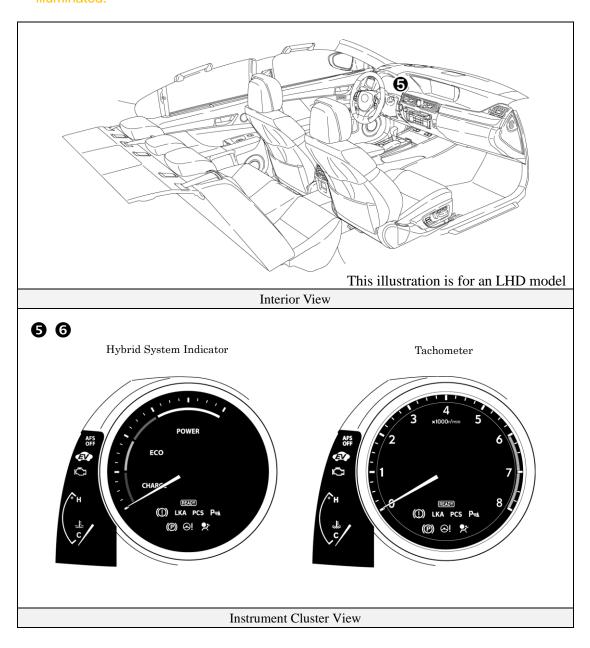
GS300h Identification (Continued)

Interior

- **6** The instrument cluster (hybrid system indicator, **READY** indicator and warning lights) located in the dash behind the steering wheel, is different than the one on the conventional, non-hybrid GS350/250.
- **6** A switchable gauge in the instrument cluster showing either a hybrid system indicator or a tachometer depending on driving mode.

Notice:

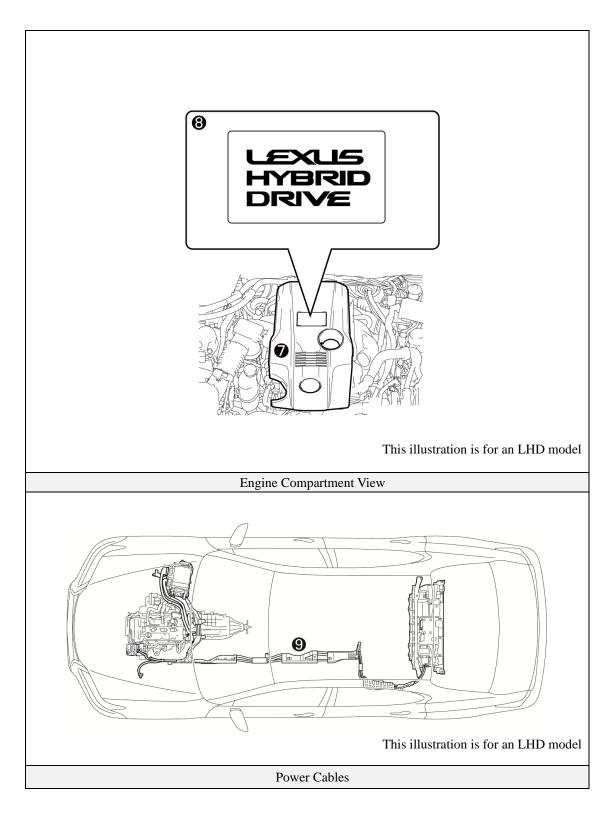
If the vehicle is shut off, the instrument cluster gauges will be "blacked out", not illuminated.



GS300h Identification (Continued)

Engine Compartment

- 2.5-liter aluminum alloy gasoline engine.
- **8** Logo on the plastic engine cover.
- **9** Orange colored high voltage power cables.



Hybrid Component Locations & Descriptions

Component	Location	Description
12 Volt Auxiliary	Left Side of	A lead-acid battery that supplies power to the low voltage
Battery 0	Trunk	devices.
Hybrid Vehicle	Trunk Area,	230.4 Volt Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH) battery pack
(HV) Battery Pack		consisting of 32 low voltage (7.2 Volt) modules connected
0	Rear Seat	in series.
Power Cables 3	Undercarriage and	Orange colored power cables carry high voltage Direct
	Engine	Current (DC) between the HV battery pack,
	Compartment	inverter/converter, and A/C compressor. These cables also
		carry 3-phase Alternating Current (AC) between the
		inverter/converter, electric motor, and generator.
Inverter/	Engine	Boosts and inverts the high voltage electricity from the
Converter 4	Compartment	HV battery pack to 3-phase AC electricity that drives the
		electric motors. The inverter/converter also converts AC
		electricity from the electric generator and electric motor
		(regenerative braking) to DC that recharges the HV
		battery pack.
Gasoline Engine	Engine	Provides two functions:
6	Compartment	1) Powers vehicle.
		2) Powers generator to recharge the HV battery pack.
		The engine is started and stopped under control of the
		vehicle computer.
Electric Motor 6	Transmission	3-phase high voltage AC permanent magnet electric motor
		contained in the transmission and drives the rear wheels
		through the propeller shaft.
	Transmission	3-phase high voltage AC generator that is contained in the
0		transmission and recharges the HV battery pack.
A/C Compressor	Engine	3-phase high voltage AC electrically driven motor
(with inverter)	Compartment	compressor.
DC-DC Converter	Engine	Converts 230.4 Volts from the HV battery pack to 12 Volts
9 for 12 Volt	Compartment	for low voltage vehicle power.
Auxiliary Battery		
Fuel Tank and Fuel	Undercarriage,	The fuel tank provides gasoline via a fuel line to the
Line ©	Left Side and	engine. The fuel line is routed along the left side and
	Center	center tunnel under the floor pan.

^{*}Numbers in the component column apply to the illustrations on the following page.

Hybrid Component Locations & Descriptions (Continued)

Specifications

Gasoline Engine: 133 kW, 2.5-liter Aluminum Alloy Engine

Electric Motors 105 kW, Permanent Magnet Motor

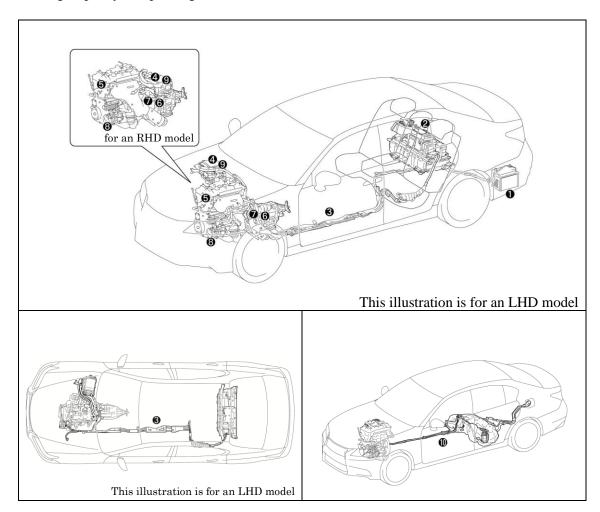
Transmission: Automatic Only

HV Battery: 230.4 Volt Sealed NiMH-Battery
Curb Weight: 3,814-4,034 lbs/1,730-1,830 kg
Fuel Tank: 14.5 Imp gals/17.4 U.S. gals/66 liters

Frame Material: Steel Unibody

Body Material: Steel Panels except for Aluminum Engine Hood

Seating Capacity: 5 passengers



Hybrid Component Locations & Descriptions (Continued)

Lexus Hybrid Drive Operation

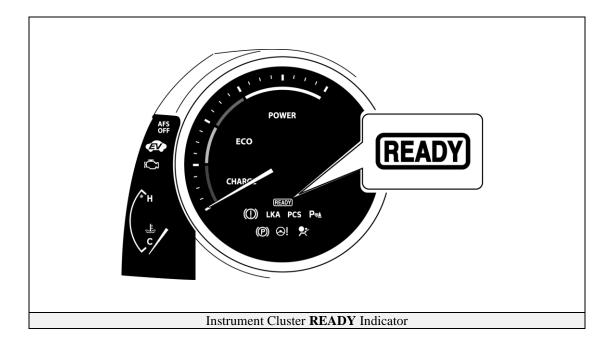
Once the **READY** indicator is illuminated in the instrument cluster, the vehicle may be driven. However, the gasoline engine does not idle like a typical automobile and will start and stop automatically. It is important to recognize and understand the **READY** indicator provided in the instrument cluster. When illuminated, it informs the driver that the vehicle is on and operational even though the gasoline engine may be off and the engine compartment is silent.

Vehicle Operation

- With the GS300h, the gasoline engine may stop and start at any time while the **READY** indicator is on.
- Never assume that the vehicle is shut off just because the engine is off. Always look for the **READY** indicator status. The vehicle is shut off when the **READY** indicator is off.

The vehicle may be powered by:

- 1. The electric motor only.
- 2. The gasoline engine only.
- 3. A combination of both the electric motor and the gasoline engine.



Hybrid Vehicle (HV) Battery Pack and Auxiliary Battery

The GS300h features a high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery pack that contains sealed Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH) battery modules.

HV Battery Pack

- The HV battery pack is enclosed in a metal case and is rigidly mounted to the trunk area behind the rear seat. The metal case is isolated from high voltage and concealed by fabric covers in the trunk.
- The HV battery pack consists of 32 low voltage (7.2 Volt) NiMH battery modules connected in series to produce approximately 230.4 Volts. Each NiMH battery module is non-spillable and sealed in a metal case.
- The electrolyte used in the NiMH battery module is an alkaline mixture of potassium and sodium hydroxide. The electrolyte is absorbed into the battery cell plates and will not normally leak, even in a collision.

HV Battery Pack					
Battery pack voltage	230.4 V				
Number of NiMH battery modules in the pack	32				
NiMH battery module voltage	7.2 V				

Components Powered by the HV Battery Pack

- Electric Motor
- Inverter/Converter
- Power Cables
- A/C Compressor
- Electric Generator
- DC-DC Converter for 12 Volt Auxiliary Battery

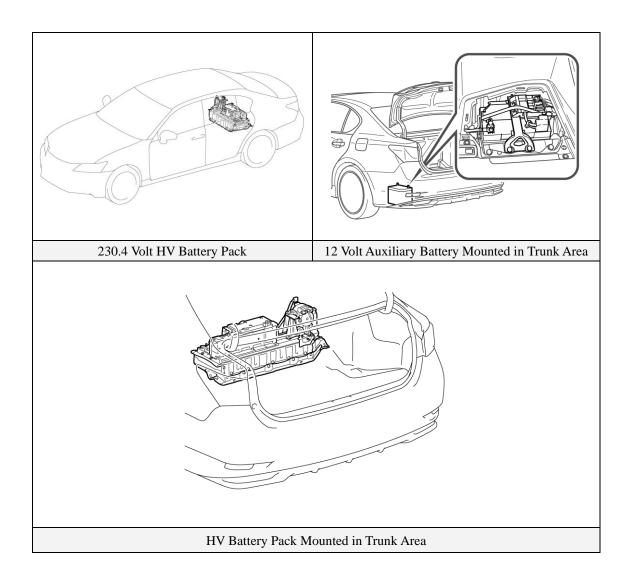
Hybrid Vehicle (HV) Battery Pack and Auxiliary Battery (Continued)

HV Battery Pack Recycling

• The HV battery pack is recyclable. Contact either your Lexus Distributor as mentioned on HV battery Caution Label or the nearest Lexus dealer.

Auxiliary Battery

- The GS300h contains a sealed lead-acid 12 Volt battery. This 12 Volt auxiliary battery powers the vehicle electrical system similar to a conventional vehicle. As with other conventional vehicles, the negative terminal of the auxiliary battery is grounded to the metal chassis of the vehicle.
- The auxiliary battery is located in the trunk area. It is concealed by a fabric cover on the left side in the rear quarter panel well.



High Voltage Safety

The HV battery pack powers the high voltage electrical system with DC electricity. Positive and negative orange colored high voltage power cables are routed from the battery pack, under the vehicle floor pan, routed along the propeller shaft and transmission tunnel to the inverter/converter. The inverter/converter contains a circuit that boosts the HV battery voltage from 230.4 to 650 Volts DC. The inverter/converter creates 3-phase AC to power the motor. Power cables are routed from the inverter/converter to each high voltage motor (electric motor, electric generator, and A/C compressor). The following systems are intended to help keep occupants in the vehicle and emergency responders safe from high voltage electricity:

High Voltage Safety System

- A high voltage fuse **0*** provides short circuit protection in the HV battery pack.
- Positive and negative high voltage power cables 2* connected to the HV battery pack are controlled by 12 Volt normally open relays 3*. When the vehicle is shut off, the relays stop electricity flow from leaving the HV battery pack.



WARNING:

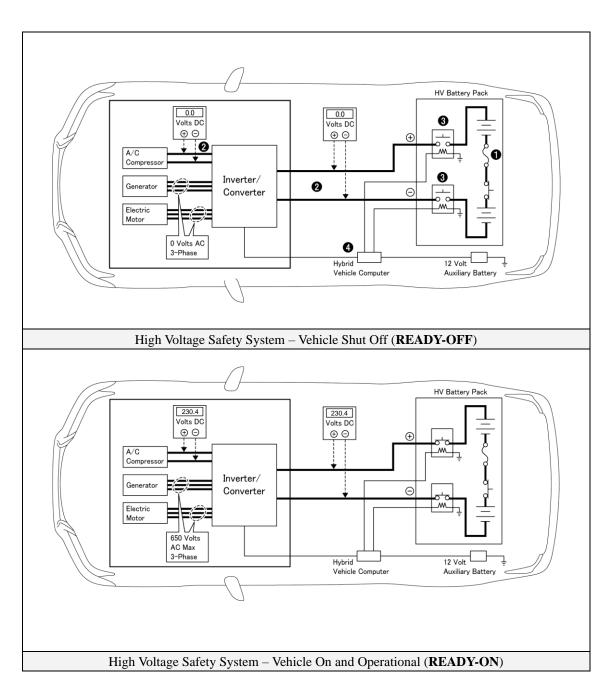
- The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or opening any orange high voltage power cable or high voltage component.
- Both positive and negative power cables **2*** are insulated from the metal chassis, so there is no possibility of electric shock when touching the metal chassis.
- A ground-fault monitor **4*** continuously monitors for high voltage leakage to the metal chassis while the vehicle is running. If a malfunction is detected, the hybrid vehicle computer **4*** will illuminate the master warning light in the instrument cluster and indicate "CHECK HYBRID SYSTEM" on the multi-information display.
- The HV battery pack relays will automatically open to stop electricity flow in a collision sufficient to activate the SRS.

^{*}Numbers apply to the illustration on the following page.

High Voltage Safety (Continued)

Service Plug Grip

• The high voltage circuit is cut by removing the service plug grip (see page 15).



Precaution to be observed when dismantling the vehicle



 The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or opening any orange high voltage power cable or high voltage component.

Necessary Items

- Protective clothing such as insulated gloves (electrically insulated), rubber gloves, safety goggles, and safety shoes.
- Insulating tape such as electrical tape that has a suitable electrical insulation rating.
- Before wearing insulated gloves, make sure that they are not cracked, ruptured, torn, or damaged in any way. Do not wear wet insulated gloves.
- An electrical tester that is capable of measuring DC 750 Volts or more.

Spills

The GS300h contains the same common automotive fluids used in other non-hybrid Lexus vehicles, with the exception of the NiMH electrolyte used in the HV battery pack. The NiMH battery electrolyte is a caustic alkaline (pH 13.5) that is damaging to human tissues. The electrolyte, however, is absorbed in the cell plates and will not normally spill or leak out even if a metal battery module is cracked. A catastrophic crash that would breach both the metal battery pack case and a metal battery module would be a rare occurrence.

A caustic alkaline is at the opposite end of the pH scale from a strong acid. A safe (neutral) substance is approximately in the middle of this scale. Adding a weak acidic mixture, such as a dilute boric acid solution or vinegar, to the caustic alkaline electrolyte will cause the electrolyte to be neutralized. This is similar but opposite to the use of baking soda to neutralize a lead-acid battery electrolyte spill.

A Lexus Product Safety Data Sheets (PSDS) is attached to this document.

- Handle NiMH electrolyte spills using the following Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
 - Splash shield or safety goggles. A fold down face shield is not acceptable for acid or electrolyte spills.
 - Rubber, latex or nitrile gloves.
 - Apron suitable for alkaline.
 - Rubber boots.
- Neutralize NiMH electrolyte.
 - Use a boric acid solution or vinegar.
 - Boric acid solution 800 grams boric acid to 20 liters water or 5.5 ounces boric acid to 1 gallon of water.

Dismantling the vehicle

The following 2 pages contain general instructions for use when working on a GS300h. Read these instructions before proceeding to the HV battery removal instructions on page 18.



WARNING:

- The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or opening any orange high voltage power cable or any high voltage component.
- 1. Shut off the ignition (**READY** indicator is off).

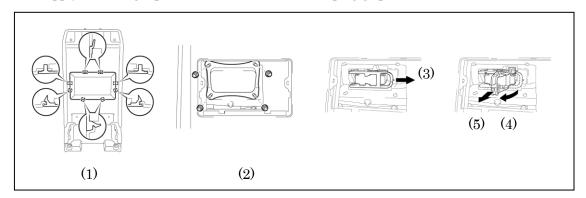
Then disconnect the cable from the auxiliary battery negative (-) terminal.

- (1) Remove the luggage compartment floor mat.
- (2) Remove the luggage compartment side trim cover LH.
- (3) Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 2. Remove the service plug grip.
 - (1) Remove the No. 1 seat armrest cap.
 - (2) Remove the 4 nuts and lower hybrid vehicle battery cover panel.

Caution:

Wear insulated gloves for the following 3 steps.

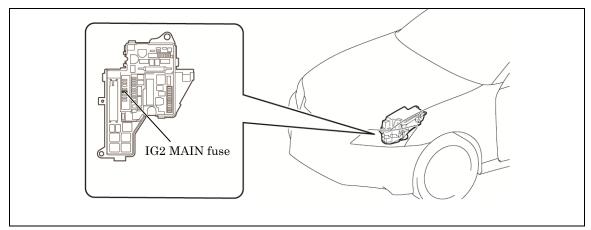
- (3) Slide the handle of the service plug grip to the right.
- (4) Raise the service plug girp.
- (5) Remove the service plug grip
- (6) Apply insulating tape to the socket of the service plug grip to insulate it.



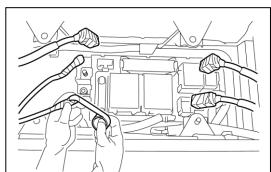
- 3. Carry the removed service plug grip in your pocket to prevent other staff from accidentally reinstalling it while you are dismantling the vehicle.
- 4. Make other staff aware that a high-voltage system is being dismantled by using the following sign: CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE. DO NOT TOUCH (see page 17).
- 5. If the service plug grip cannot be removed due to damage to the vehicle, remove the **IG2 MAIN** fuse (20 A).

Caution:

This operation shuts off the HV system. Be sure to wear insulated gloves because high voltage is not shut off inside the HV battery. When it is possible to remove the service plug grip, remove it and continue the procedure.



- 6. After disconnecting or exposing a high-voltage connector or terminal, insulate it immediately using insulating tape. Before disconnecting or touching a bare high-voltage terminal, wear insulated gloves.
- 7. Check the HV battery and nearby area for leakage. If you find any liquid, it may be strong alkaline electrolyte. Wear rubber gloves and goggles and neutralize the liquid using a saturated boric acid solution or vinegar. Then wipe up the liquid using waste rags etc.



- 8. If the electrolyte comes into contact with your skin, wash the skin immediately using a saturated boric acid solution or a large amount of water. If the electrolyte adheres to any article of clothing, take the clothing off immediately.
- 9. If the electrolyte comes into contact with your eye(s), call out loudly for help. Do not rub your eye(s). Instead, wash the eye(s) with a dilute boric acid solution or a large amount of water and seek medical care.
- 10. With the exception of the HV battery, remove parts by following procedures which are similar to conventional Lexus vehicles. For the removal of the HV battery, refer to the following pages.

Person in charge:

CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE, DO NOT TOUCH,

CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE. DO NOT TOUCH.

Person in charge:

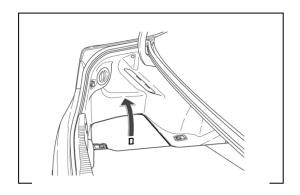
When performing work on the HV system, fold this sign and put it on the roof of the vehicle.

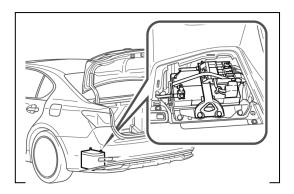
Removal of HV battery

\bigwedge

WARNING:

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves when handling high-voltage parts.
- Even if the vehicle is shut off and the relays are off, be sure to remove the service plug grip before performing any further work.
- Power remains in the high voltage electrical system for 10 minutes even after the HV battery pack is shut off because the circuit has a condenser that stores power.
- Make sure that the tester reading is 0 V before touching any high-voltage terminals which are not insulated.
- The SRS may remain powered for up to 90 seconds after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from unintentional SRS deployment, avoid cutting the SRS components.
- 1. SHUT OFF IGINITION (**READY** indicator is off).
- 2. REMOVE LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT FLOOR MAT.
- 3. REMOVE 12 VOLT AUXILIARY BATTERY
 - (1) Remove the luggage compartment trim cover LH.
 - (2) Disconnect the cable from the auxiliary battery negative (-) terminal.
 - (3) Disconnect the cable from the auxiliary battery positive (+) terminal.
 - (4) Remove the 12 Volt auxiliary battery.





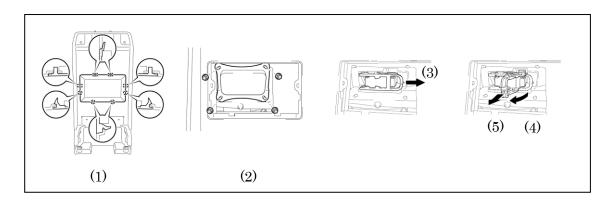
4. REMOVE SERVICE PLUG GRIP

- (1) Remove the No. 1 seat armrest cap.
- (2) Remove the 4 nuts and lower hybrid vehicle battery cover panel.

Caution:

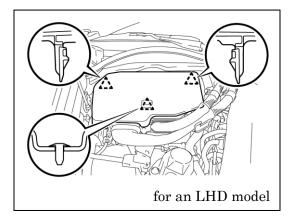
Wear insulated gloves for the following 3 steps.

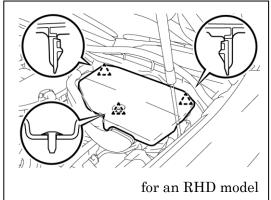
- (3) Slide the handle of the service plug grip to the right.
- (4) Raise the service plug girp.
- (5) Remove the service plug grip.
- (6) Apply insulating tape to the socket of the service plug grip to insulate it.



5. REMOVE INVERTER COVER

(1) Disengage the 3 clips, and remove the inverter cover.





6. REMOVE CONNERCTOR COVER ASSEMBLY

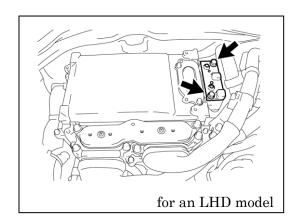
(1) Remove the 2 bolts and connector cover assembly.

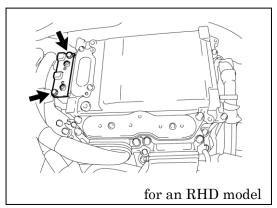
Caution:

Wear insulated gloves.

Notice:

Do not touch the high voltage connectors or terminals for 10 minutes after the service plug grip is removed.





7. CHECK TERMINAL VOLTAGE

(1) Check the voltage at the terminals in inspection point in the power control unit.

Caution:

Wear insulated gloves.

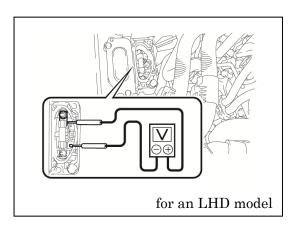
To prevent serious injury or death, do not proceed with dismantling of the HV system until the voltage at the terminals in the inspection point is 0 V.

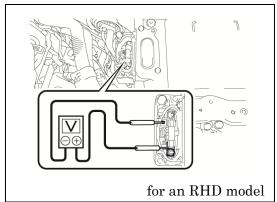
Standard voltage: 0 V

Hint:

Set the tester to the DC 750 Volts range to measure the voltage.

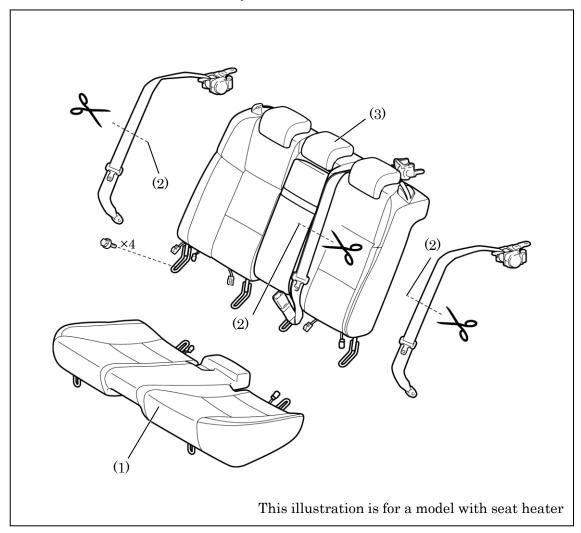
This inspection is performed to verify that it is safe to remove the HV battery.





8. REMOVE REAR SEAT ASSEMBLY

- (1) Remove the rear seat cushion assembly.
- (2) Cut the seat belts CTR, LH, and RH.
- (3) Remove the rear seatback assembly.

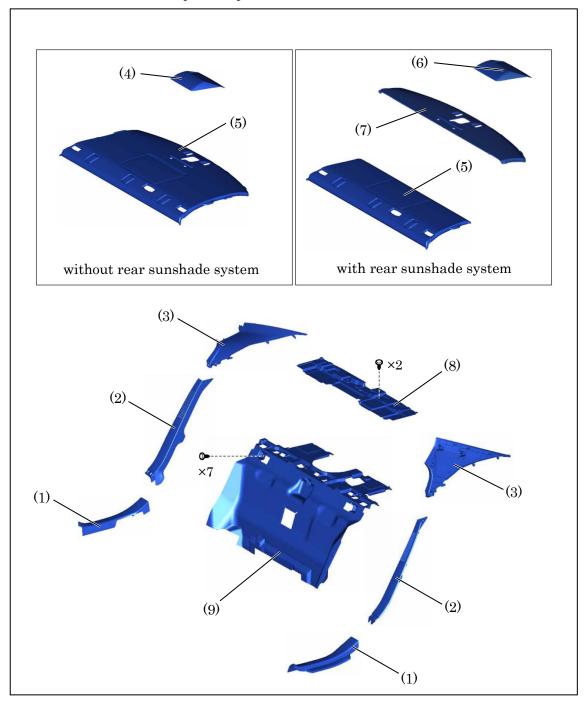


Caution:

Do not cut wiring or wire harnesses when removing vehicle components. Always disconnect components at the connector.

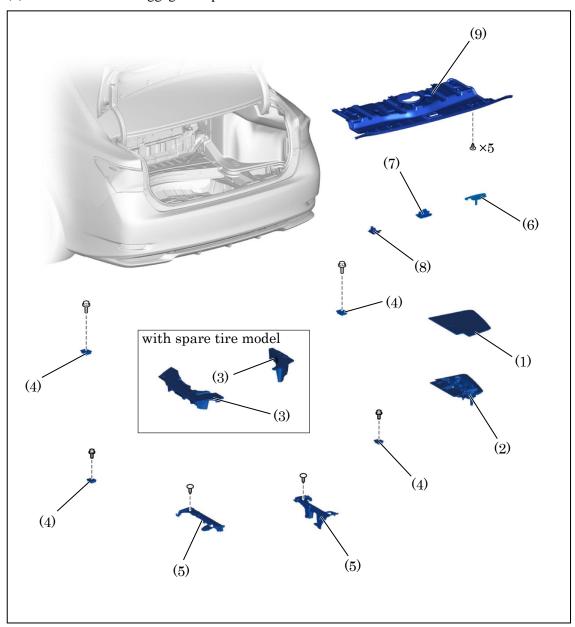
9. REMOVE NO. 1 ROOM PARTITION PAD

- (1) Remove the rear door scuff plate LH and RH.
- (2) Remove the rear seat side garnish LH and RH.
- (3) Remove the inner roof side garnish LH and RH.
- (4) Remove the center stop light cover. (without rear sunshade system)
- (5) Remove the package tray trim panel assembly.
- (6) Remove the center stop light cover. (with rear sunshade system)
- (7) Remove the No. 2 package tray trim panel assembly. (with rear sunshade system)
- (8) Remove the No. 2 room partition pad.
- (9) Remove the No. 1 room partition pad.



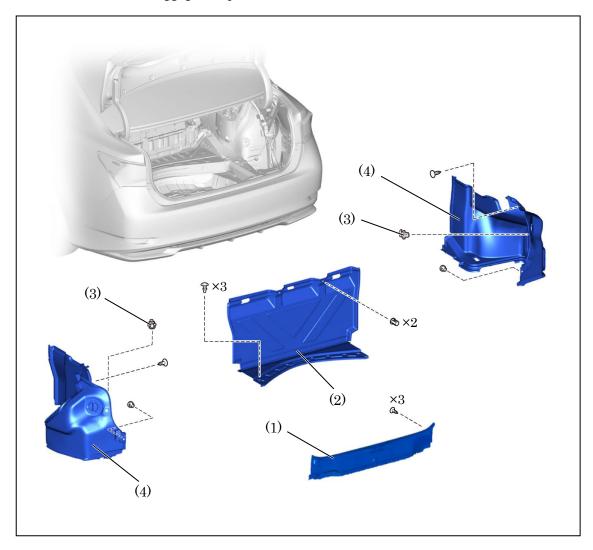
10. REMOVE FRONT LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT TRIM COVER

- (1) Remove the luggage compartment trim cover RH.
- (2) Remove the side trim box.
- (3) Remove the luggage compartment side tray. (with spare tire model)
- (4) Remove the rope hook assembly.
- (5) Remove the rear luggage compartment tray bracket LH and RH.
- (6) Remove the No. 1 luggage compartment trim hook.
- (7) Remove the No. 1 luggage compartment light assembly.
- (8) Remove the No. 2 luggage compartment trim hook.
- (9) Remove the rear luggage compartment trim cover



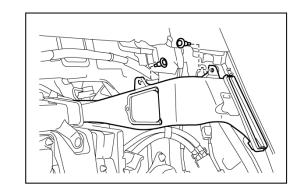
11. REMOVE LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT TRIM INNER COVER

- (1) Remove the rear floor finish plate.
- (2) Remove the front luggage compartment trim cover.
- (3) Remove the rope hook.
- (4) Remove the inner luggage compartment trim cover LH and RH.



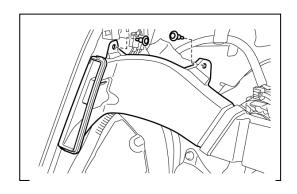
12. REMOVE No. 1 HYBRID BATTERY INTAKE DUCT

(1) Remove the 2 clips and No. 1 hybrid battery intake duct.



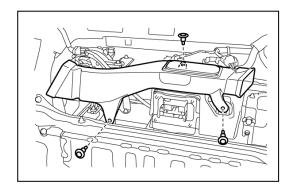
13. REMOVE NO. 3 HYBRID BATTERY INTAKE DUCT

(1) Remove the 2 clips and No. 3 hybrid battery intake duct.



14. REMOVE NO. 4 HYBRID BATTERY INTAKE DUCT

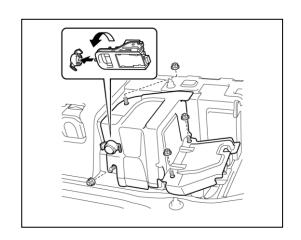
(1) Remove the 3 clips and No. 4 hybrid battery intake duct.



15. REMOVE NO. 4 HYBRID VEHICLE BATTERY SHIELD SUB-ASSEMBLY Caution:

Wear insulated gloves.

- (1) Using the service plug grip, release the battery cover lock striker.
- (2) Remove the 4 nuts and No. 4 hybrid vehicle battery shield sub-assembly.

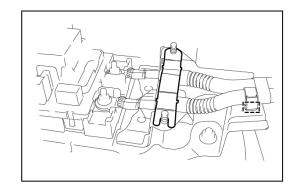


16. DISCONNECT NO. 4 FLOOR WIRE

Caution:

Wear insulated gloves.

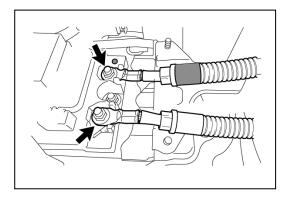
(1) Remove the battery shield contact.



(2) Remove the 2 nuts and disconnect the 2 wires of the No. 4 floor wire. (High voltage cable)

Notice:

Insulate the terminals of the removed frame wire with insulating tape.

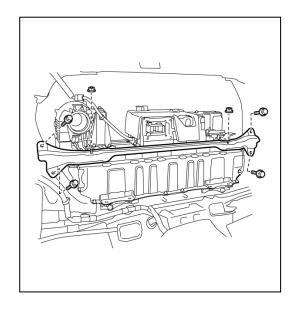


17. REMOVE NO. 1 HYBRID BATTERY CARRIER BRACKET

Caution:

Wear insulated gloves.

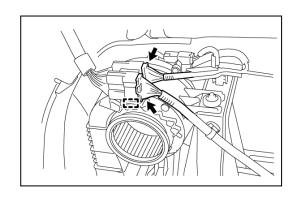
- (1) Remove the 2 nuts.
- (2) Remove the 4 bolts and No. 1 hybrid battery carrier bracket.



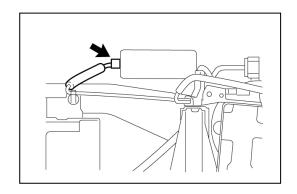
18. REMOVE HYBRID VEHICLE BATTERY Caution:

Wear insulated gloves.

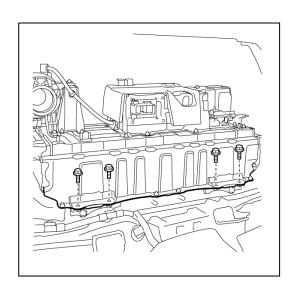
(1) Disconnect the 2 connectors and detach the wire harness clamp from the upper part of the battery cooling blower assembly.



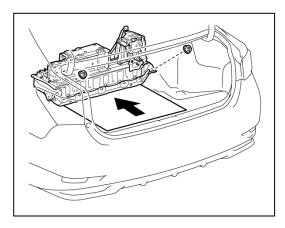
(2) Disconnect the connector from the brake control power supply assembly.



(3) Remove the 4 bolts.



- (4) Remove the 2 nuts.
- (5) Install the luggage compartment floor mat upside down.



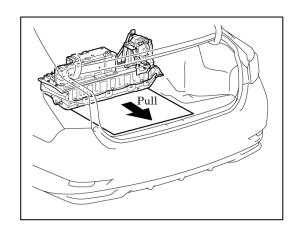
(6) Pull out the HV battery onto the luggage compartment floor mat.

Notice:

When pulling out the HV battery,

2 people are needed. One should work from the luggage compartment side and the other from the cabin side.

When pulling out the HV battery, do not allow the wire harnesses and the HV battery case to interfere with the vehicle body.



(7) Using a suitable adaptor such as a rope, remove the HV battery while tilting the HV battery.

Notice:

Use cardboard or other similar material to protect the HV battery and vehicle body from damage.

